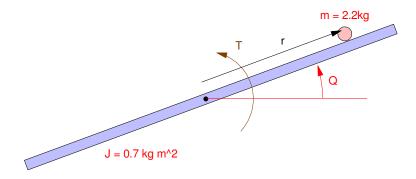
## ECE 463/663 - Homework #7

Servo Compensators. Due Monday, March 17th



The dynamics of a Ball and Beam System (homework set #4) with a disturbance are

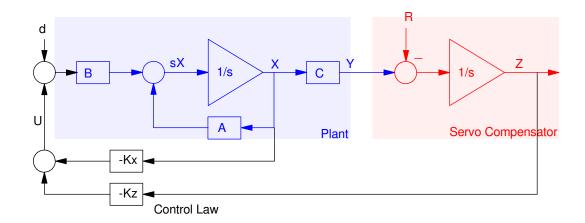
$$\begin{vmatrix} r \\ \theta \\ \dot{r} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -0 & 0 & 0 \\ -0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ \theta \\ \dot{r} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ - \end{bmatrix} T + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ - \end{bmatrix} d$$

## **Full-State Feedback with Constant Disturbances**

- 1) For the nonlinear simulation, use the feedback control law you computed in homework #6
  - With R = 1 and the mass of the ball = 2.2kg (same result you got for homework #6), and
  - With R = 1 and the mass of the ball decreased to 2.5kg

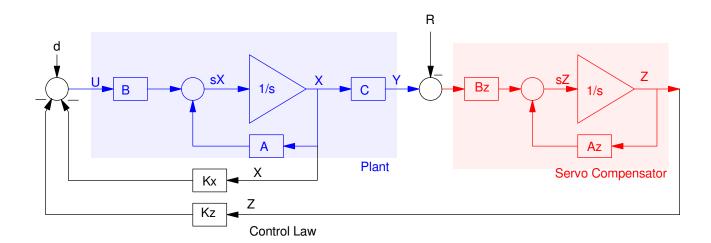
(i.e. a constant disturbance on the system due to a different mass of the ball)

## **Servo Compensators with Constant Set-Points**



- 2) Assume a constant disturbance and/or a constant set point. Design a feedback control law that results in
  - The ability to track a constant set point (R = constant)
  - The ability to reject a constant disturbance (d = constant),
  - A 2% settling time of 6 seconds, and
  - No overshoot for a step input.
- 3) For the linear system, plot the step response
  - With respect to a step change in R, and
  - With respect to a step change in d
- 4) Implement your control law on the nonlinear ball and beam system
  - With R = 1 and the mass of the ball being 2.2kg, and
  - With R = 1 and the mass of the ball being 2.5kg

## Servo Compensators with Sinulsoidal Set-Points



- 5) Assume a 0.6 rad/sec disturbance and/or set point (R). Design a feedback control law that results in
  - The ability to track a constant set point  $(R = \sin(0.6t))$
  - The ability to reject a constant disturbance  $(d = \sin(0.6t))$ ,
  - A 2% settling time of 12 seconds, and
- 6) For the linear system, plot the response
  - With  $R(t) = \sin(0.6t)$ , and
  - With  $d(t) = \sin(0.6t)$
- 7) Implement your control law on the nonlinear ball and beam system
  - With  $R = \sin(0.6t)$  and the mass of the ball being 2.2kg, and
  - With  $R = \sin(0.6t)$  and the mass of the ball being 2.5kg