ECE 761 - Homework #6

Forward & Inverse Kinematics of an RPR Robot

RPR Robot ($d2 + d4 \neq 0$)



Forward Kinematics (RPR.m)

1a) Modify the program RRR.m to model a RPR robot from homework set #4, modified so that $d2 + d4 \neq 0$.

Link i	; α _{<i>i</i>-1}	; a_{i-1}	; d_i	; θ _i
	The angle between the Zi-1 and Zi axis (twist)	The distance from Zi-1 to Zi measured along the Xi-1 axis	The distance from Xi-1 to Xi measured along the Zi axis	The angle between Xi-1 and Xi measured about the Zi axis
1	0	0	50 cm	Q1
2	-90 deg	0	20 cm	0 deg
3	0 deg	d3	-10 cm	Q3
4 (tip)	0 deg	50	0	0

1b) Determine the tip position for the angles of

- Q1 = 30 degrees, d3 = 40 cm, Q3 = 50 degrees
- Q1 = 80 degrees, d3 = 60 cm, Q3 = 80 degrees

2. Inverse Kinematics (InverseRPR.m)

Determine the equations for the inverse-kinematics for an RPR robot.

• Check these equations using the tip positions from problem #1

3. Simulation: (RPR_Simulation.m).

a) Draw a ball: The tip position is

t = [0:0.01:10]'; y = 5*t + 60; r = sqrt(25^2 - (y-85).^2); x = r.*cos(t*pi); z = r.*sin(t*pi) + 50; BALL = [x, y, z, x.^0]';

- b) Plot the ending position of the robot drawing the ball
- c) Plot the joint angles (Q1, d3, Q3) vs. time

