

ECE 321: Handout #10

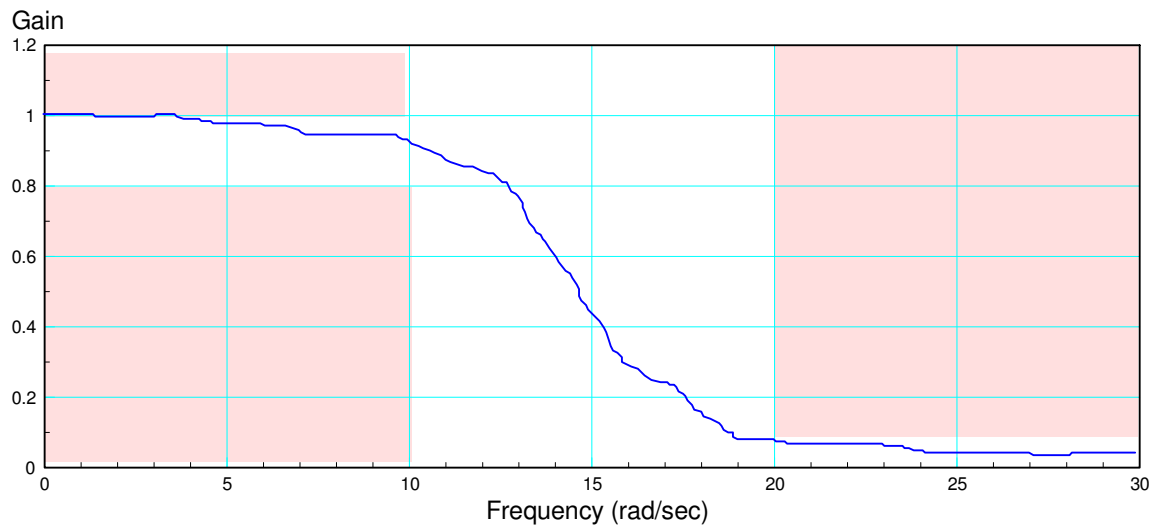
Filter Design

Design a low-pass filter to meet the following specifications

- DC gain = 1.000
- $0.9 < \text{gain} < 1.0$ for frequencies below 10 rad/sec
- $\text{gain} < 0.1$ for frequencies above 20 rad/sec

a) Determine the number of poles needed

b) Give the transfer function of a Butterworth filter which should come close to meeting these requirements



Solution

The number of poles needed are

$$\left(\frac{10 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}}}{20 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}}}\right)^n < 0.1$$

$$n > 3.322$$

Let $n = 4$. A 4th-order Butterworth filter with a corner at 1 rad/sec is

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{1}{(s+1\angle\pm 22.5^\circ)(s+1\angle\pm 67.5^\circ)} \right)$$

A 4th-order Butterworth filter with a corner at 12 rad/sec is

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{12^4}{(s+12\angle\pm 22.5^\circ)(s+12\angle\pm 67.5^\circ)} \right)$$

12 is just a guess:

- Something more than 10 and less than 20
- I'd have to use matlab to iterate from here

```
>> w = [0:0.15:30]';
>> p1 = 12*exp(j*22.5*pi/180);
>> p2 = conj(p1);
>> p3 = 12*exp(j*67.5*pi/180);
>> p4 = conj(p3);
>> s = j*w;
>> G = 12^4 ./ ( (s+p1).*(s+p2).*(s+p3).*(s+p4) );
>> plot(w,abs(G))
>> plot(w,abs(G),10,0.9,'x',20,0.1,'x')
>
```

